

WORKSHEET – 1 CHAPTER 2

UNITS AND MEASUREMENTS

1. In CGS system, the value of Stefan's constant is $5.67 \times 10^{-5} \text{ erg s}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4}$. Write down its value in SI units.
2. Name at least seven physical quantities whose dimensions are ML^2T^{-2}
3. If m, v and c respectively denote mass, speed and velocity of light, then in the equation $m = m_0 \left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$, m_0 has the dimensions of
4. State the number of significant figures in the following:
a) 0.007 b) 2.64×10^{24}
5. If $\left(P + \frac{a}{v^2} \right) (V - b) = RT$, where the symbols have their usual meanings, then $\left(\frac{a}{b} \right)$ has a dimension of
6. The time of oscillation (t) of a small drop of liquid under surface tension (σ) Prove dimensionally that $t \propto \sqrt{\frac{\rho r^3}{\sigma}}$.
7. A physical quantity Q is given by $Q = \frac{A^2 B^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^4 D^{\frac{1}{2}}}$
The percentage error in A, B, C, D are 1%, 2%, 4%, 2% respectively. Find the percentage error in Q .
8. If $x = at + bt^2$, Where x is in metre and t in hour, What will be the unit of a and b
9. The wavelength associated with a moving particle depends upon its mass m , its velocity v and Planck's constant h . Show dimensionally the relationship between them.
10. Check whether equation $F.S = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 - \frac{1}{2}mu^2$ is dimensionally correct, Where m is the mass of the body v is its final velocity, u its initial velocity, f is the force applied and S is the distance travelled.